

GUIDANCE & COMPLETION NOTES

INTRODUCTION

These notes relate to the main Certificate that must be completed by a Provider who is a partner or a single-hander. A separate Certificate must be completed where a Provider is a shareholder in a limited company. The 'limited company Certificate' has its own separate guidance and completion notes plus a 'FAQ'.

Where the same GP Provider receives income under two or more different types of the above contracts, then a separate Certificate is required for each, with the Certificate being of the limited company variety where such an entity holds the contract.

NOTES

Box A

Write your full name; do not use initials. If your surname has changed in 2006/07 please also provide your previous surname.

Box B

Specify the type of contract this Certificate relates to as in some cases a Provider may hold more than one contract to provide medical services.

Box C

Enter your national insurance number or individual HPSS Superannuation Scheme reference number; this is often known as your 'SB' number and begins with SB followed by two digits representing your year of birth (i.e. 1957 is 57) then four further digits.

Box D

Your GP Practice reference number is the unique reference number allocated to you by your Board/Trust/CSA; if not known please state 'not known'. The HPSS Superannuation Scheme Employing Authority code is a letter followed by three digits; i.e. E123.

Box E

In respect of a GP Provider the host Board/Trust is that on whose Performers List the GP Provider is (or has been during the year) registered. In respect of a non-GP Provider the host Board/Trust is that Host/Board the non-GP Provider is (or has been) contracted with.

Where changes of Practice and/or Board/Trust occur, there will be implications for your Certificate and you may need to complete more than one Certificate as described below.

Follow these instructions to determine how many Certificates you are required to complete:

- a) Change of Practice, but remain within the same Board/Trust.

In this situation, two Certificates will be required and the reference in Box D will be different on each. Where personal expenses and capital allowances have been incurred, and separate statements of these have not been prepared for the respective periods, it is acceptable to pro-rata these and include them on the relevant Certificate. Should there be private fee income assessed on self employment pages of the tax return that have not been split according to corresponding dates relating to the change in Practice, it is also acceptable to pro-rata these fees to include them in the relevant Certificate.

b) Change of Practice, also with a change of Board/Trust.

In this situation, two Certificates will be required and the references in Boxes D and E will be different on each. Where personal expenses and capital allowances have been incurred, and separate statements of these have not been prepared for the respective periods, it is acceptable to pro-rata these and include them on the relevant Certificate for that period. Should there be private fee income assessed on self employed pages of the tax return that have not been split according to corresponding dates relating to the change in Practice, it is also acceptable to pro-rate these fees to include them in the relevant Certificate.

The host Boards/Trusts in this instance are the Boards/Trusts on whose 'Performers List' you are registered (or contracted with) either before the change in Practice or at the 'year end', dependent upon which Certificate is being completed.

c) Change of Board/Trust (i.e. due to a merger), but remain with the same Practice.

In this situation, one Certificate only should be completed, with the entry at box E relating to the host Board/Trust upon whose 'Performers List' you appear at the end of the relevant year (i.e. 31 March 2007).

Box F

The appropriate 'year end' will be that which falls into the tax year 2006/07 (the year ended 5 April 2007), for instance 30 June 2006, 31 October 2006, 28 February 2007, 31 March 2007 etc, and forms the basis for the entries to the 2006/07 tax returns.

Box G

The year ends for Practice and other private fee work may differ. This should not affect the Certificate. Each 'year end' relating to the tax year (see also note re box H below) is taken to reflect income for the pension year.

Box H

This is the HPSS Superannuation Scheme 'year end' corresponding to the tax 'year end'.

Whilst the tax year finishes on 5 April each year, the HPSS Superannuation Scheme 'year end' finishes on 31 March each year. To all intents and purposes, the '5 day' difference between these dates can be ignored. This prevents anomalous treatment whereby an accounting year ended 5 April 2007 falls into the tax year 2006/07, but not into the HPSS Superannuation Scheme year ended 31 March 2007. Because an accounts year ended 5 April falls into the tax year, this will also be deemed to fall into the Superannuation Scheme year. The golden rule is that the tax return entries form the basis of the superannuable pay.

Box I

If a Scheme member first joined the Scheme on or after the 1 June 1989 they are subject to the superannuable earnings cap of £108,600.00 for 2006/07, i.e. the member can only pension in the HPSS Superannuation Scheme income, from whatever HPSS source, up to this limit. If a member joined before 1 June 1989 but had a break in superannuable employment of more than a year after 1 June 1989 they are also subject to the cap. If you are unsure as to whether the cap applies to you, please contact the HPSS Superannuation Branch. Please refer to the completion notes for box 39 when considering the application on the cap.

Box J

NOTE YOUR 2006/07 PARTNERSHIP (WHERE APPLICABLE) AND PERSONAL TAX RETURNS WILL NEED TO HAVE BEEN COMPLETED TO ENABLE YOU TO MAKE THE ENTRIES ON YOUR 2006/07 CERTIFICATE OF PENSIONABLE PAY.

OCCASIONALLY, PARTICULARLY IN THE FIRST YEAR OF PRACTICE OR SELF EMPLOYMENT, PROVISIONAL FIGURES MAY BE USED IN YOUR TAX RETURN WHERE THE CORRECT DETAILS ARE NOT YET KNOWN. THE ENTRIES ON THE CERTIFICATE SHOULD STILL FOLLOW THOSE PROVISIONAL FIGURES.

IN THE SAME MANNER AS THE TAX RETURN, AN AMENDMENT WILL NEED TO BE MADE TO THE CERTIFICATE WHEN THE ACTUAL DATA IS AVAILABLE, EVEN THOUGH THIS IS AFTER THE SUBMISSION DEADLINE.

Box 1

The figure in box 1 should be your share of total medical related income derived from the appropriate partnership accounts, allowing for any prior allocation of income that may occur, for instance in respect of property, seniority, medical examination fees, appraisals etc.

This includes HPSS income, private income and reimbursements, together with private fee income and locum income paid into the Practice, but excludes bank interest received and any non-taxable income such as PAYE internet filing incentives and some legacies, bequests and donations. Single-handed Providers should enter 'nil'.

Where HPSS superannuable fee based income (i.e. OOHs) earned under a contract for services (i.e. **NOT** income from a salaried position) has been paid into the Practice, the amount paid is deemed to include employer and employee contributions. The amount to include on Box 1 should be the gross amount payable, including all employer and employee superannuation contributions. It should be noted that this 'pooled' income is not GP SOLO income. GP SOLO income is income from a HPSS superannuable source (where contributions have already been deducted) that the GP does not wish to 'pool'.

TREATMENT OF POOLED SALARIES FOR ACCOUNTING PURPOSES:

Where a GP holds an office of employment, it is strictly taxable as employed income. However, this can lead to practical difficulties in GP partnerships, where such income is frequently pooled and shared between the partners.

It is possible, however, to have such income treated as the receipt of professional fees and taxable under Schedule DII of Part IV of TA 1988. See HM Revenue and Customs' Employment Income Manual (reference EIM03000 to EIM03004) for further details.

Where this concession is utilised, and the salary is not grossed up in the accounts for employer superannuation, GPs should be aware that they may not be pensioning sufficient earnings.

Further, where salaried fees are paid into the Practice and pooled between the partners, even where the position is deducted for tax purposes and taxed as employed income, it should be noted that there may be anomalies between the superannuable pay of the partners and the taxable pay of the partners.

Care may therefore need to be taken when preparing accounts, tax calculations and superannuation calculation to prevent problems.

Box 2

Box 2 is for single-handers to declare their GMS, PMS, APMS, and SPMS income, private income and reimbursements (excluding bank interest received and any non-taxable items such as PAYE internet filing incentives and some legacies, bequests and donations) and income of those GPs who have private fees that are not fed into the partnership tax return but which is reported separately on the self employment pages of the personal return.

This box will include GP SOLO income on a fee paid basis (i.e. not as an employed position) and locum income.

If you are a partner in Practice with private fee income that is fed into the partnership tax return, and not reported on self employment pages of your personal return, there should be no entry in this box as the income will be included in box 1 above.

Box 3

Box 3 must include all salaried income where the GP would receive a P60. This includes salaried schedule E income (i.e. Clinical Assistant, Hospital Practitioner, CMO, Salaried GP, and Bed Fund posts) paid under PAYE, regardless of whether tax or national insurance has been deducted. Also include income that is recorded in Box C of the GP form SOLO where the Board/Trust/OOHP has paid it under PAYE; this sometimes happens in respect of PEC earnings.

Where you receive a P60 in respect of a salaried position, but that income is pooled in the partnership for profit sharing, you should **NOT** include this income here UNLESS you have followed the statutory method of taxing employed income described in the notes to box 1 above. Where you are including such pooled salaried appointments here, it is the entry per the tax return box 1.8 that is required, i.e. not including the employer contribution deducted along with the income from Box 1 above.

Do not include a salary received from a limited company that holds a GMS, PMS, SPMS or APMS contract. The pensioning of such salaries will be dealt with through the separate Certificate for limited companies.

Box 4

Box 4 must include any ad-hoc private work (i.e. university or medical school) and any fee based HPSS work that was not salaried and is not included in Boxes 1,2 or 3 above. This may include income before a deduction for expenses reported at box 13.3 of your tax return.

Do not include superannuable income derived from a limited company. A GP Provider's salary and dividend income from such a source may be pensionable, but the specific Certificate for such income should be used to determine the superannuable pay applicable.

Box 5

Box 5 is the income stated in Boxes 1, 2, 3, or 4 which has already been 'pensioned'. This is likely to be HPSS income from GP Locum work (the full amount before 10% reduction for notional expenses) and income from salaried HPSS work (i.e. Clinical Assistant, Hospital Practitioner, CMO, Salaried GP, and Bed Fund posts). This will also include any salaried income pensioned through the University Superannuation Scheme.

Fee based (self employed) income that has had superannuation paid upon it and recorded on the GP SOLO form should not be included in box 5. **Solely** for the purpose of this Certificate, this income is not regarded to have been pensioned separately.

Note that this box only includes income included in boxes 2, 3 and 4 that has been pensioned separately. No entry should be made in this box in respect of salaried appointments that have been pooled in the Practice and allocated in profit share. Where, however, statutory tax treatment of the salaried position has been followed, you will be required to enter here the amount included in box 3 that relates to pooled income.

Box 6

Box 6 is the total HPSS and non-HPSS income, which has not already been 'pensioned' elsewhere, for the purposes of this Certificate.

Box 7

The figure in box 7 should be your share of income from whatever sources included in the Practice accounts that is non-HPSS income; e.g. clinical trials, insurance medicals, DWP medicals, private patients, police work, medical school and university income paid direct from the school/university, medico legal reports, etc.

Box 7 will also include external locum income (i.e. not performed for other members of your own Practice) not previously pensioned.

Box 8

The figure in box 8 should be the non-HPSS income reported through your self employment pages; clinical trials, insurance medicals, DWP medicals, private patients, police work, medical school income paid direct from the school, medico legal reports, etc.

Box 8 will also include locum income not previously pensioned.

For income from an Out of Hours Provider to be superannuable, the OOHP needs to be an **approved HPSS Superannuation Scheme Employing Authority**.

Box 9

The figure in box 9 should be the non-HPSS income reported on the employment pages of your tax return.

Box 10

Box 10 must include any non-HPSS ad-hoc private fee work and fee based medical related work that was not salaried and is not included in Boxes 7, 8 or 9 above. This may include income reported at box 13.3 of your tax return.

Box 11

It will be rare to have an entry in this box as there are few types of non-HPSS income that will already be pensioned separately. One example, however, would be university income received direct and already pensioned through the University Superannuation Scheme.

Box 12

Box 12 is your total non-HPSS income that has not already been pensioned.

Box 13

Provides the ratio to determine the percentage of expenses attributable to non-HPSS income under the standard and used in the alternative methods of calculation. See notes to boxes 61 to 68.

Box 14

Box 14 must state your share of **all** of the Practice partnership expenses derived from the Practice accounts, e.g. staff salaries, administrative expenses, drugs etc. Exclude expenses that are non-allowable for tax purposes; e.g. depreciation, entertaining, etc. Capital allowances claimed on Practice assets such as computers equipment and furniture should be included.

Where any personal expenses and capital allowances have been incurred and these are fed through the partnership tax return for tax reporting purposes, they should be included in box 14 after adjustment for private use.

Box 15

This will include a single-hander's total expenses, adjusted for tax purposes.

For GPs in partnership, box 15 will also include the tax adjusted personal expenses and capital allowances that are not set against profits in the partnership tax return, but set against private fee income declared on the self employment pages of the personal return.

Box 16

Box 16 will include the tax relievable expenses entered on the employment pages in respect of employment income earned concurrently to earnings. Expenses set against employment income earned prior to commencing or after ceasing as a Provider should **NOT** be included.

Box 17

Includes tax relievable expenses included, or set against income declared, elsewhere on your tax return; e.g. deducted prior to making entries at box 13.3 of your return.

Box 18

Box 18 is interest payable on your share of a loan for professional purposes not already declared in boxes 14 to 17, and will usually reflect the entry made at box 15.1 of your tax return.

Box 19

This is your total expenses incurred in respect of **all** your income for the purposes of this Certificate.

Box 20

Will reflect taxable practice partnership income (box 1 less box 14) and should correspond to box 4.7 of your partnership (short) page of your tax return.

Box 21

Will reflect taxable single-hander or private fee based self employed income (box 2 less box 15) and should correspond to box 3.73 of the self employed pages of your tax return.

Box 22

Will be your taxable employment income according to your tax return and will reflect box(es) 1.8 less the total of boxes 1.32, 1.33, 1.34 and 1.35.

Box 23

Will be your taxable medical related income declared elsewhere on your tax return.

Box 24

Is the total of boxes 20 to 23.

Box 25

See comments re box 18.

Box 26

Will include the total of income pensioned separately in box 24, including salaried appointments (net of expenses) from box 22 where superannuation has been deducted at source, and taxable locum income included in boxes 20 and 21 upon which superannuation has been paid.

Income where contributions have been deducted and reported on GP SOLO forms should **NOT** be included in box 26. For the purposes of calculating superannuable income, this is not considered to be income pensioned separately.

By contrast to the comments regarding the entry to box 5, where salaried appointments are pooled in a partnership and shared in profit share, and the concessionary treatment of pooled salaries has been used to tax this income under Schedule DII, the amount to be deducted

here will be the gross amount of the P60 in your name (inclusive of the employee and added years contributions deducted at source together with the employer contributions where the accounts have grossed up for this element) and not your share of the pooled salaried income.

Where the statutory method has been used and the salaried income is deducted from box 1 and reported at box 3, the amount to be included here will be that in box 22.

By virtue of the different nature of a salaried position, the recording of that superannuable income occurs outside the scope of the Certificate. Should an equivalent amount not be deducted here, the overall superannuable income would be overstated.

It can therefore be seen that box 28 will not always equate to box 5.

Box 27

The figure to be stated in box 27 is the figure in box 12.

Box 28

Box 28 is a 'mop up' box and should include any HPSS 'ad hoc' income (inclusive of employer contributions) not already declared on this Certificate and not already 'pensioned' elsewhere.

Box 29

See the notes in respect of boxes 61 to 68.

Box 30

See the notes in respect of boxes 61 to 68.

Box 31

Box 31 is the superannuable pay **prior** to apportionment that strips out employer contributions according to HMRC guidance.

Box 32

Box 32 is the total of all income, from whatever source, declared in box C of the GP SOLO forms for the accounting year that falls in 2006/07. It should be noted that HPSS superannuable fee based income that is paid directly into the Practice (i.e. 'pooled') is not GP SOLO income.

Where 'pooling' occurs, the amount paid to the Practice will be the gross fee plus the employer contributions.

GP SOLO income relates to HPSS fee based income (i.e. OOHs) paid directly to the individual GP Provider or indirectly paid through the payroll (i.e. PEC positions) where employee contributions have been deducted and reported on the GP SOLO form and the relevant Employing Authority has paid the employer contributions.

Box 33

Is the total superannuable apportionable income excluding SOLO income.

Box 34

Is your HPSS Practice profits after employer contributions have been 'stripped out'.

Box 35

Re-enter your total GP SOLO income; i.e. the figure in Box 32.

Box 36

This is your individual GMS, PMS, APMS, or SPMS Practice profits (excluding employer contributions) before adjustment for pension overlap.

Boxes 37, 37a, 37b and 37c

The entry at box 37 will reflect the pension overlap (derived from all Practice and SOLO income) deductible due to changes in accounting dates, cessation or retirement. You should refer to the pensions overlap 'FAQ' for examples and more information.

Box 38

This is your total HPSS superannuable profits (including SOLO income) prior to any potential 'capping.'

Box 38a

Seniority payments have to be separately identifiable in the Certificate in accordance with the SFE mainly for the purposes of the calculation of Average Adjusted Superannuable Income.

The figure in this box should be the amount of seniority allocated to you as per the Practice accounts. No adjustment should be made for employer superannuation contributions.

Box 39

The figure in this box would normally be the earnings cap relevant to 2006/07 (£108,600).

Care should be taken, however, when entering a figure here and you also have income pensioned separately (for instance salaried appointments or GP locum income) **or superannuable income derived from a limited company**, as the correct amount may not be the full value of the cap as an amount of the cap may be allocated against these other sources. .

Where the cap applies, your **total** HPSS superannuable income from all HPSS sources in the year ending 31 March 2007 cannot exceed £108,600.

HPSS Superannuation Branch cannot advise on the application of the cap to any particular source of HPSS income. Professional assistance should be sought where is required bearing in mind other possible HPSS superannuable income.

Boxes 40 to 43

These boxes state the percentages at which the varying classes of contribution are paid. For 2006/07 employee contributions are 6% and employer contributions are 7%. Added Years and Money Purchase AVC percentages will be dependent upon your own circumstances.

Where an Added Years contract begins on your birthday part way through the 2006/07 year, an 'average' percentage will need to be entered here. For instance, if your Added Years contributions cost is 5%, but the contract to begin paying this commenced on 1st October 2006, the average percentage, calculated on a daily basis, is 2.49% (5% x 182/365).

The figure in box 42 is your provisional HPSS Money Purchase AVCs if you have a HPSS Money Purchase AVC contract with Standard Life or Equitable Life. This is generally based on a percentage of your superannuable pay however can be a fixed amount. Where it is a fixed amount, this amount should be entered in box 42a rather than box 42.

Do not enter details in respect of any Free Standing AVC's.

Boxes 44 to 47

Are the contributions due for the year, arrived at by multiplying the superannuable pay figure from box 38 (or 39 if the cap applies) to the relevant percentage figure from boxes 40 to 43.

Where you have a HPSS Money Purchase AVC paid as a fixed amount, the figure in box 46 will match that in box 42a.

Boxes 48 to 51

These boxes must state the Practice based contributions already paid that relate to 2006/07 (i.e. not including payments made in respect of a previous year).

These figures should include payments already made to your host Board/Trust or deducted from your global sum or contract payment 'on account' throughout the year by the Board/Trust.

There is no link of these boxes to any payments relevant for tax relief purposes. The entries in these boxes will relate to those contributions made in respect of 2006/07 that were paid or deducted by the Board/Trust before this Certificate is submitted.

Boxes 52 to 55

These figures should include payments made to or deducted on your behalf by HPSS Superannuation Scheme Employing Authorities in respect of GP SOLO income, and includes a credit for employer contributions deemed to have been paid by that Employing Authority.

The entries will reflect the totals from boxes D, E and F of all your GP SOLO forms relating to income for the year ended 31 March 2007, even where the income assessed as superannuable is for an accounting year other than the pension year.

Boxes 56 to 59

Are the final payable (or refundable) contributions for 2006/07 after taking account of contributions that have already been paid. For example, the contributions shown in box 56 are calculated by deducting the amounts in boxes 48 and 52 from the amount shown in box 44.

Box 60

Is the total of the contributions declared in boxes 56 to 59. If the Provider has underpaid contributions the arrears of contributions must be paid immediately. If the Provider has overpaid contributions they must be repaid straightaway.

Box 61

Non-HPSS expenses are calculated using the standard method where:

- Non-HPSS income (box 12) is less than 10% of total income (Box 6), **and**
- Non-HPSS income (box 12) is less than £25,000

The standard method apportions the total expenses from box 19 in relation to the ratio of non-HPSS income to total income (box 12 over box 6).

Boxes 62 to 67

Even though the conditions at note 61 above are met, it is not imperative that the standard method is used. The alternative method may be used, providing explanation and justification is given at box 68.

Where the standard method described is not used, then the alternative method should be used. If this is the case, tick box 30 and use your knowledge of your affairs to extract expenses wholly attributable to HPSS and non-HPSS work following the process in these boxes. After extracting such expenses, whatever remains may be apportioned according to the ratio at box 13.

Where both the standard and alternative methods of allocating expenses does not provide a fair conclusion, you must use your own method of allocating expenses and clearly explain the reasons and methodology at box 68.

Box 68

You should include here any explanatory information or points that will assist the CSA in processing your Certificate.

This will include justifications for use of the alternative method of calculating non-HPSS expenses entered at box 29 even where the conditions for use of the standard method described above (points re box 61) are met.

This box will also include explanations and calculations when using your own method of calculating non-HPSS expenses, for instances in years of exceptionally large expenditure or capital allowances or where anomalous results are found when using the standard or alternative methods.